**VUS.6a The Early National Period**

**The Early National Period lasted from 1789 to 1824. The new government was tested economically, politically and globally, to see if our republic could last.**

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| **George Washington**  Served as president from 1789-1797  His power was tested under the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  He established the tradition of serving only \_\_\_\_\_ terms.  After his term, the first political parties developed over the issue of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!  **Whiskey Rebellion**  - The Federal government placed a tax on \_\_\_\_\_\_.  - Angered many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ alcohol with their left over \_\_\_\_\_\_. Many protested and  rebelled. Similar to \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  - The new form of government proved capable of responding to civil \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Q. In a brief paragraph, explain how Shay’s Rebellion and the Whiskey Rebellion were both similar but different.  A. |

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| **Political Parties**  Different views of economic and foreign policy issues led to the development of the first American political parties.  **Federalists**  Federalists were led by John Adams and Alexander Hamilton  Hamilton wanted a National Bank to help establish a stronger economy- he was a “loose constructionist”.  Believed in a strong national government and a commercial economy.  Supported by bankers and businessmen in the Northeast  **Democratic – Republicans**  Led by Thomas Jefferson  Jefferson opposed the bank because the power to create it was in the Constitution- he was a “strict constructionist”  Believed in a weak national government and agricultural economy  Supported by farmers, artisans and frontiersmen in the South | Q. Summarize the differences between the Federalists and Anti-Federalists. What were their core beliefs? Who were their leaders?  A. |

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| **Key Issues**  **National Bank** – established by Congress to help manage the nation’s money, an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Constitutional power. Establishing the bank was an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ power.  - Federalists \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Democratic Republicans \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  **Jay Treaty** – treaty with Britain to honor American neutrality in Europe’s war. Britain’s military left western territories, their traders could remain.  - Federalists \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the treaty. Dem-Reps \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, wanted the British completely removed.  **XYZ Affair** – France was upset by the Jay treaty. Diplomats were sent to France to resolve the dispute. Negotiations would not begin until U.S. agreed to pay a bribe.  - Federalists \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a war, began building up the military. Dem-Reps \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a war, viewed France as an important trading partner. | Q. What were the positions of the Federalists on the different issues that divided the parties?  A.  Q. What were the positions of the Democratic-Republicans on the different issues that divided the parties?  A. |

**Election of 1860**

Election was close, but won by Jefferson

First time power was transferred between parties PEACEFULLY.

It also proved that political parties were going to be permanent in America